

A Comprehensive Benchmark on Spectral GNNs: The Impact on Efficiency, Memory, and Effectiveness

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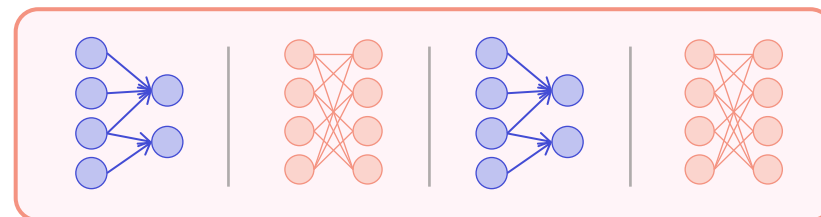


Background: Spectral GNN

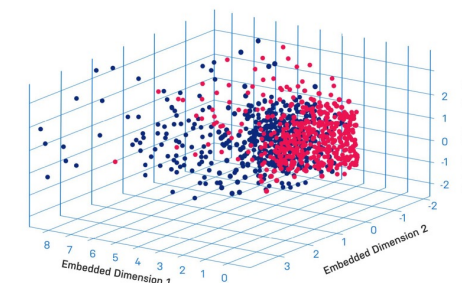
(Spatial) GNN



Graph Data

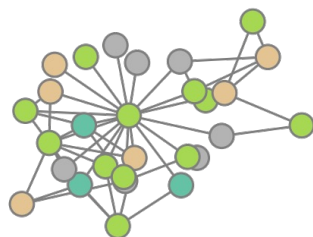


Graph+NN Operations



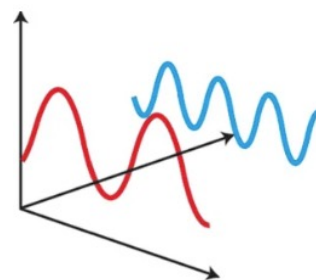
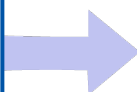
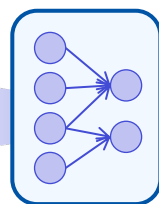
Embedding Space

Spectral GNN



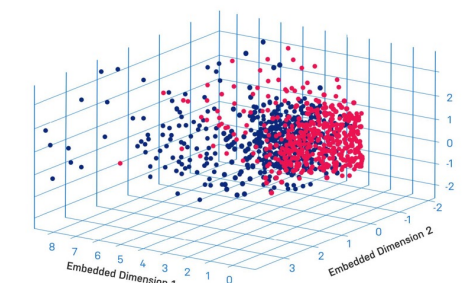
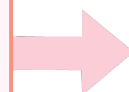
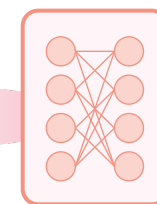
Graph Data

Graph Ops



Frequency Space

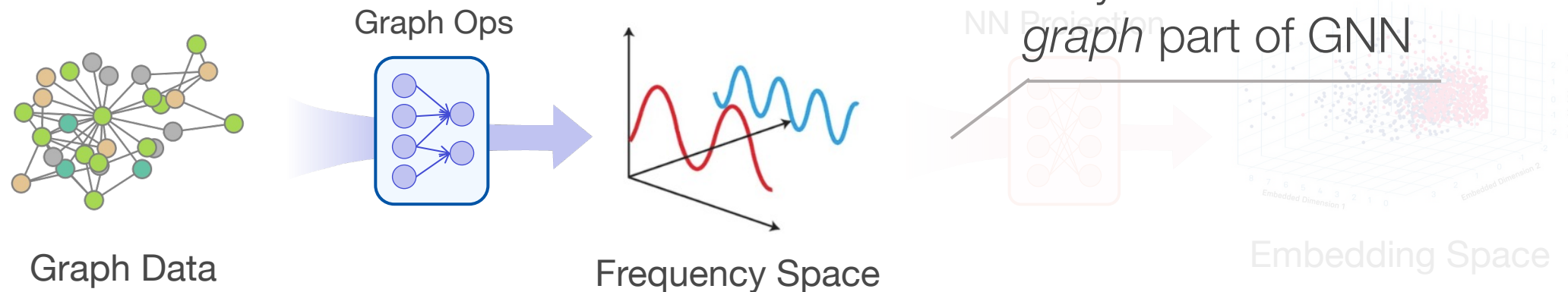
NN Projection



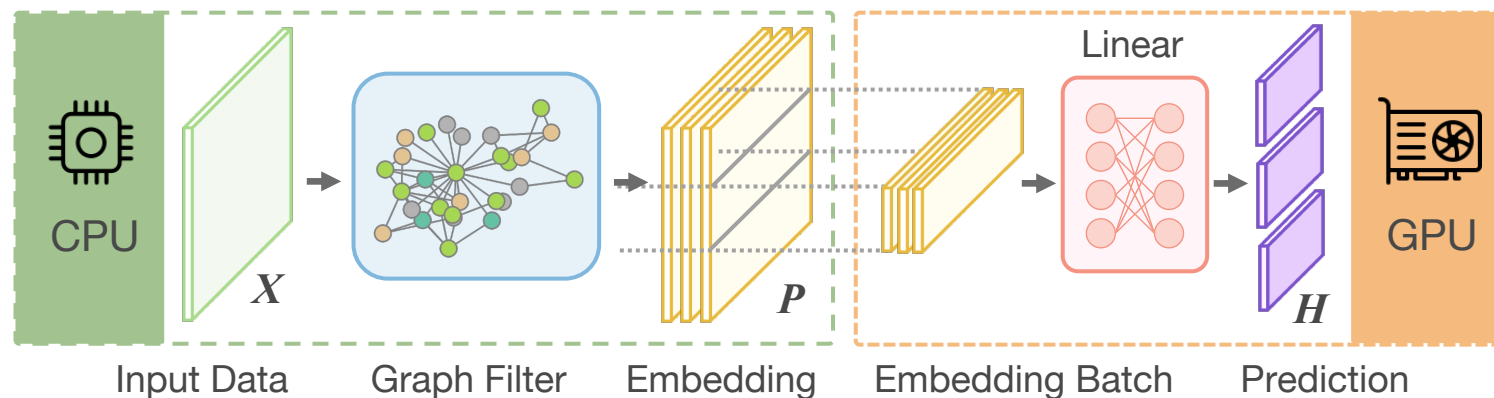
Embedding Space

Background: Spectral GNN

Spectral GNN



Decoupled Pipeline



Taxonomy: Graph Filters

GCN

$$H = (I + \tilde{A})^K \cdot X$$

APPNP

$$H = \sum_{k=0}^K \alpha(1 - \alpha)^k \tilde{A}^k \cdot X$$

GIN

$$H = (\theta I + \tilde{A})^K \cdot X$$

ChebNet

$$H = \sum_{k=0}^K \theta_k T_{\text{Cheb}}^{(k)}(\tilde{A}) \cdot X$$

BernNet

$$H = \sum_{k=0}^K \frac{\theta_k}{2^K} \binom{K}{k} (2I - \tilde{L})^{K-k} \tilde{L}^k \cdot X$$

AdaGNN

$$H = (I + \Theta_k \tilde{A})^K \cdot X$$

Spectral Filter:

$$\underbrace{g(\tilde{L})}_{\text{Filter}} = \sum_{k=0}^K \theta_k \underbrace{T^{(k)}(\tilde{L})}_{\text{Graph}}$$

Taxonomy: Graph Filters

Fixed Filters

GCN

APPNP

SGC

G²CN

...

Variable Filters

GIN

ChebNet

...

BernNet

GPRGNN

Composed Filters

AdaGNN

ACMGNN

FAGNN

FiGURe

...

Spectral Filter:

$$g(\tilde{\mathbf{L}}) = \sum_{k=0}^K \theta_k T^{(k)}(\tilde{\mathbf{L}})$$

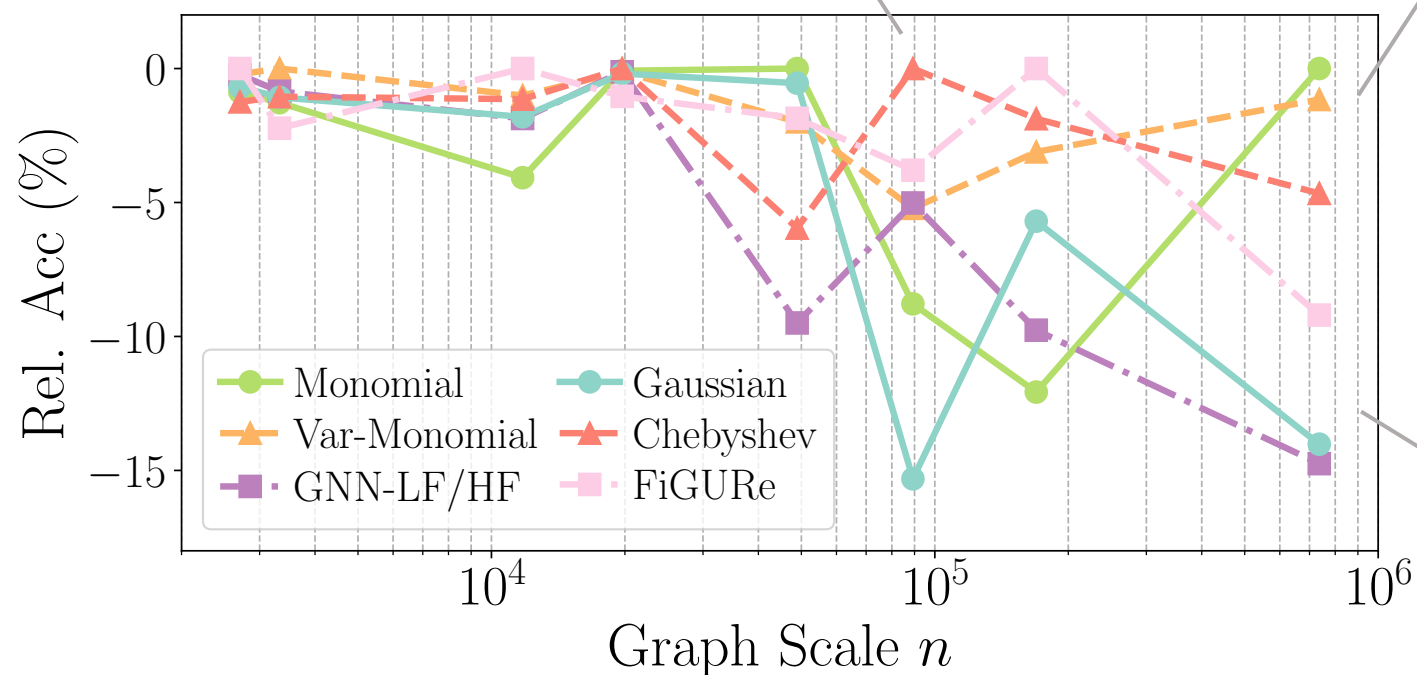
35 Covered GNNs

3 Filter Types

Results: Effectiveness & Scalability

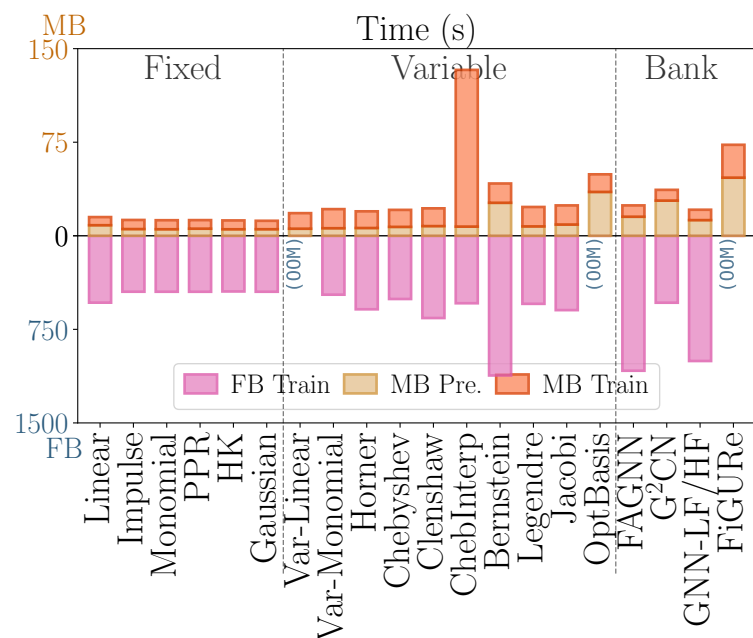
Efficacy and efficiency are not mutually exclusive.

Simple, invariable filters can also capture global view.



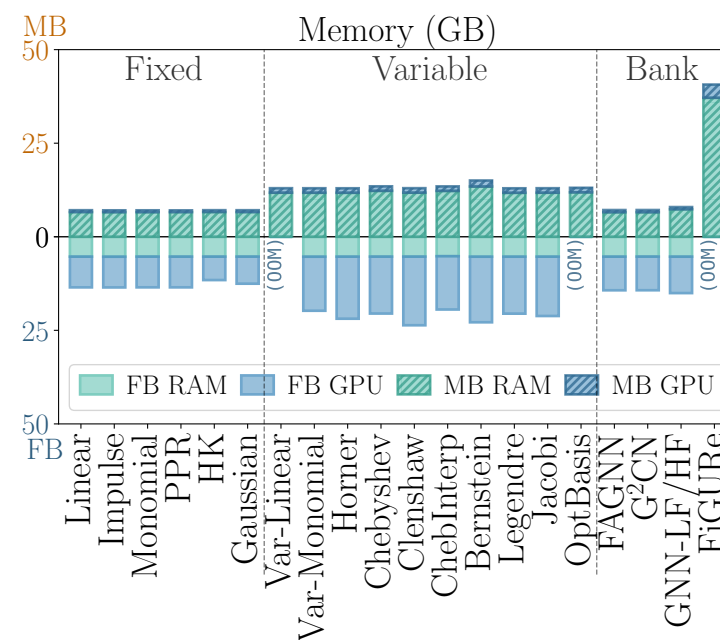
Global view is important for large-scale prediction.

Results: Efficiency & Memory



Time Efficiency: graph operation bottleneck shifts across data scale.

Memory Overhead: Mini-batch training facilitates device utilization.



THANK YOU

Paper



Code

